

Monmouthshire Pupil Referral Service

Attendance Policy

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Mission statement

The Monmouthshire Pupil Referral Service is committed to providing an efficient and appropriate education for all pupils, relative to their needs and embraces the concept of equal opportunities for all.

We will provide an environment where all pupils feel valued and welcomed and are committed to the fundamental principle that early intervention and partnership working is crucial in ensuring the attendance, protection and wellbeing of all children.

The school will follow the All Wales Child Safeguarding procedures and local protocols in relation to specific and identifiable wellbeing issues that prevent a child from accessing education, or where there are safeguarding concerns.

For a pupil to reach their full educational achievement, a high level of school attendance is essential. We will consistently work towards a goal of great attendance for all pupils. Every opportunity will be used to convey to pupils and their parents or carers the importance of regular and punctual attendance, at the same time recognising some of the medical challenges many of our learners face and supporting them to access learning as much as possible.

School attendance is subject to education law and guidance, and our school attendance policy is written to reflect this legislation and the guidance produced by the Welsh Government. For information relating to this legislation and guidance, see Appendix 2.

The school will review its systems for improving attendance on an annual basis to ensure that it is achieving its set goals and targets as identified by the Management Committee members, the local authority, and the Welsh Government.

This policy will contain the procedures that the Monmouthshire PRS will use to work towards meeting its attendance targets, as set by the local authority.

Promoting attendance

The foundation for good attendance is a strong partnership between the school, parents, carers and pupils.

We will ensure that our pupils are made aware of the importance of good attendance and how this will benefit them, both now and in the future and offer reward schemes, where appropriate for individual learners. We will also recognise our EOTAS Medical learners may have significant barriers to their attendance, and will work closely with families to support these learners in the best way possible.

We will use a variety of strategies to intervene at an early stage to encourage improved attendance of individual pupils and assist to overcome any barriers that may be preventing the expected level of attendance. These strategies may be school-based or may be implemented jointly with other partners to ensure the most appropriate support for the individual and their family.

School procedures

Any pupil who is absent from learning, both in person or online, have their absence recorded as being authorised, unauthorised or as an approved educational activity (attendance out of school). Only the headteacher, or a member of staff acting on their behalf, can authorise absence.

If there is no known reason for the absence at registration, then the absence will be recorded in the first instance as unexplained (N code) and promptly followed up by the school as part of its early intervention and safeguarding strategies. This will be in the form of a text message, telephone call or letter to the parent or carer to enquire about the whereabouts of the pupil. If no reason is given by the end of 10 school days or the reason given is not reasonable, the pupil will be recorded as an unauthorised absence (O code).

The coding for any absences will be in accordance with the guidance provided by the Welsh Government's All Wales Attendance Framework as in Appendix 1.

Punctuality

It is important that pupils are on time for in person or online sessions, as well as visits from any other members of staff, such as Pupil Engagement Officers. Any lateness will impact learning but also may have an impact on the learning of other pupils across the service.

The Monmouthshire PRS will track punctuality to school and online lessons and contact parents/carers where concerns arise.

First day absence

Parents and carers are reminded that they should contact the school before the start of their child's first lesson, if their child is unable to attend on what day. Parents and carers must state the reason for the child's non-attendance (not just "feeling unwell") and indicate the likely date they will return to school. Parents and carers should be prepared for the members of school staff to ask questions about the pupil's condition, the patterns or trends in their absences and any treatment they may be receiving.

If a parent or carer does not contact the school, staff will endeavour to ascertain the specific reason for non-attendance as soon as possible on the first day of absence. This may include a telephone call, a text message, a home visit from a member of school staff or an Education Welfare Officer. Once the specific information is received, the register will be amended to reflect the appropriate absence code (see Appendix 1 for the types of code).

Priority will be given to children who are deemed to be particularly vulnerable, e.g. those known to Children's Services or are looked after (CLA). The local authority's Education Welfare Service will be notified of unexplained absences of five days or more, which will be reduced to only 24 hours if the pupil is on the child protection register, who may conduct an unscheduled home visit to determine if the pupil is safe and well.

Any learners may be subject to a visit from a Pupil Engagement Officer employed by the Monmouthshire PRS, or from the Education Welfare Service where the school has any concern around attendance, or lack of contact from parents/carers. These visits are intended to offer the right support to overcome any barriers to attending schools.

Absence notes and supporting evidence

Notes received from parents/carers explaining the reason for the absence will be kept on file in line with school retention policies. Parents and carers are aware that only the headteacher or their representative can authorise an absence and that further information such as a letter from a GP or consultant may be required to support reasons given for absence.

Medical and illness absences

The school appreciates that there are times a pupil has to attend a medical appointment during the school day. In these instances, a copy of the hospital appointment letter should be provided to the school prior to appointment date to inform the school of the set scheduled time. This, however, does not apply to routine GP or dental appointments, which can and should be arranged for times outside of the school day.

If a pupil is repeatedly absent due to illness, the school may request additional supporting evidence that the pupil is receiving the necessary medical treatment. An appointment card, consultant letter, photograph of prescription medication, text message/email from a health professional would all suffice as medical evidence. Without the necessary evidence, the school may notify the parent or carer that all future absences will be unauthorised until the necessary medical evidence has been provided, and a referral to the Education Welfare Service may be made if absences are unauthorised by the school.

Continuing and frequent absence

We understand that some of our EOTAS medical pupils may have continuing and frequent absences due to their ALN or health needs. The PRS however may request information from parents/carers or medical professionals to ascertain whether a child is too unwell to attend a short period of online learning or a home visit each day.

For pupils in PRU centres who begin to develop a pattern of absences, the school will try to resolve the problem as soon as possible. This may involve inviting the parents or carers and the pupil into school for a meeting. However, should this absence persist, a referral will be made to the Education Welfare Service when the attendance drops below 80% for the preceding six school weeks. For unauthorised absences of 10 sessions or more in a school term (there are two sessions in a day, morning and afternoon), the school could request the local authority to consider issuing a Fixed Penalty Notice (FPN).

Persistent absence

Welsh Government defines persistent absence as pupils whose absence level is more than 10% (less than 90% attendance). Pupils in the PRU centres whose attendance is below this level will be supported to improvements attendance, and an action plan created. This plan may include a referral to the Education Welfare Service for additional support for the pupil and their family. We understand that some pupils may not be able to attain 100% attendance due to reduced hours agreed through a Pastoral Support Plan (PSP).

If the pupil and family does not engage with the action plan to improve attendance, court action may be taken against the main parent(s) or carer(s) through the Education Welfare Service.

Absence related to discrimination

A pupil's absence from school may be due to bullying, which can take many forms and can be direct (either physical or verbal) or indirect, for example, ignoring a pupil or not talking to them. Some of this bullying may be discriminatory.

As a school, we will monitor and report all discriminatory incidents each term and if the reason for a pupil's absence is related to any of the above issues, we will take action to deal with the situation.

Leave of absence/holidays in term time

Leave of absence during term time is actively discouraged as it negatively impacts on the pupil's ability to engage with the full curriculum. Parents and carers do not have the automatic right to withdraw their children from school for a family holiday and will be reminded of the effect that absence can have on a pupil's potential achievement.

The school will consider any application for leave of absence; parents and carers must apply in advance for permission for their child to have leave of absence (four weeks minimum notice for a family holiday). Forms to request a leave of absence can be obtained from the school. The headteacher will consider the request and respond in writing within 5 school days to inform the parent or carer whether the request has been authorised. Subsequently, a parent or carer can make an informed decision whether they wish to pursue the absence in the knowledge of any potential consequences.

Parents and carers are advised that a fixed penalty notice may be issued by the local authority when permission for a holiday or leave of absence has not been authorised by the school. The local authority's Code of Conduct for Issuing Fixed Penalty Notices can be obtained from the school, the local authority's website or the Education Welfare Service.

Fixed Penalty Notices for Non-Attendance at School

The school may request the local authority to issue a fixed penalty notices where a parent/carer has failed to secure their child's regular attendance at school. A penalty notice can be requested against one of following five criteria:

- 1. Where there is a minimum of 10 unauthorised sessions (5 school days) in the current term (these do not need to be consecutive) which may or may not include pupils who are persistently arriving after the close of the registration period:
- 2. Where a parent(s)/carer(s) refuses to engage with a school in the interest of improving their child's school attendance levels;
- 3. Where a pupil is repeatedly caught truanting in public places during school hours (Police can request a penalty notice be issued for this offence);
- 4. Where a holiday in term time has been requested but has been unauthorised.

Schools to amend criteria above to agree with their code of conduct.

To comply with <u>The Education (Penalty Notices) (Wales) Regulations 2013</u>, Monmouthshire PRS will operate in accordance with the local authority's Code of Conduct for fixed penalty notices for regular non-attendance at school. It remains the discretion of the headteacher to authorise absences in line with The Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010 attendance codes and supplementary guidance provided by the local authority.

Each pupil's absence will be considered on its own merits and if appropriate, a fixed penalty notice may be requested to encourage improved future attendance. If a pupil's attendance is significantly

low, a referral to the Education Welfare Service may be considered as an alternative to requesting a penalty notice.

Reintegration

The school will welcome back all pupils on return from an absence. This will include ensuring that the pupil is helped to catch up on missed work and brought up to date on any information that has been passed to the other pupils.

If the pupil has been absent for a considerable period, a reintegration plan will be introduced tailored to the needs of the individual.

Roles and responsibilities

The Monmouthshire PRS is aware that ensuring regular school attendance is a demanding area of work that depends on establishing and utilising close working relationships between parents, pupils, schools, the local authority and other professionals who work with children.

A key part of any successful working relationship is a clear understanding of each person's role and responsibilities, and as such the following sets out to clarify the roles and responsibilities for those people engaged with tackling absence issues.

The Parent/Carer

Under section 7 of the Education Act 1996, the parent/carer is responsible for ensuring that their child of compulsory school age receives efficient, full-time education that is suitable to their child's age, ability and aptitude and to any special educational needs the child may have. This can be by regular attendance at school, alternative provision or by elective home education (the parent can choose to provide education for their child).

A pupil's punctuality is also a legal requirement and parents/carers of a pupil who is persistently late (after the close of the register) can also face legal proceedings. Sometimes, there are situations at home that may make it difficult for a pupil to arrive on time and as such due consideration is given to any help or assistance a family may need in these circumstances.

The School

Schools are required under the Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010 to take an attendance register twice a day; at the start of the morning session and once during the afternoon session. The accuracy of the register is important in order to support any statutory interventions that may be required, and it is an offence not to maintain accurate registers.

The school has the responsibility to monitor individual attendance rates at least weekly and use their own intervention methods to tackle individual pupil attendance issues where the pupil's attendance rate is 86% and above. A referral to the Education Welfare Service should be made by the school when an individual's attendance falls to 80% or below over a six-week period and there is no exceptional reason for this (i.e. the majority of the absence is unauthorised). However, the school can refer a pupil to the Education Welfare Service should there be concerns for the individual's wellbeing with attendance above 80% or for Wellbeing Response Visits. These figures may be halved for some EOTAS medical pupils who are not able to engage in a full timetable as agreed on a PSP.

Attendance Lead Responsibilities

The Attendance Lead will be responsible for the strategic management of attendance across the school. They will scrutinise the data on a weekly basis, monitor trends and patterns across cohort of pupils, and evaluate interventions for their impact and effectiveness and direct resources for the best possible outcome.

Teacher and Pupil Engagement Officer (PEO) Responsibilities

Teachers and PEOs will be responsible for completing the session registers fully and accurately during every lesson. This practice ensures good safeguarding processes, enabling the school to know where every pupil is at the start of all sessions and to commence the 'first day response' process if the pupil is not present. SIMS comments should be used to ensure that the additional details relating to the absence are captured and retained on file. Teachers and PEOs will hold 'return to school' discussions with pupils after periods of absence to ascertain the reason and to understand if there are any barriers to the pupil fully engaging in their education or if they require any additional support.

Attendance Administrator Responsibilities

The Attendance Administrator will be responsible for the daily operation duties of the attendance team. They will ensure that all registers, both session and lesson, are completed daily and if not will escalate this to the Attendance Lead for action. They will undertake the 'first day response' on each morning for those pupils whose families have not made contact. They will collate the supporting evidence, and chase any outstanding forms, absence notes, holiday request forms etc. The officers will compile the data in preparation for analysis by the Attendance Lead and make the referrals to the Education Welfare Service.

To request a fixed penalty notice, the school will monitor the individual attendance patterns of their pupils. If trends are identified that match the criteria stated in the local authority's Code of Conduct, a school can make a formal request to the local authority to issue a penalty notice.

The Education Welfare Service (EWS) Responsibilities

The principal function of the Education Welfare Service is to improve attendance in all schools and alternative education provisions across the local authority by supporting pupils and their families to overcome their barriers to engagement.

The service provides support to schools, pupils and their families to ensure regular attendance and address any difficulties relating to absenteeism. The Education Welfare Service works collaboratively with a range of support services and agencies and provides an essential link between home and school to ensure that pupils benefit from the educational opportunities available to them.

The service acts on behalf of the authority in its statutory enforcement capacity and is responsible for several related duties that include:

- the regulating and issuing of child employment and performance licenses for school age children and young people, and their chaperones;
- to investigate, locate and track children who are referred as "Children Missing from Education";

- to oversee the education needs of vulnerable pupils e.g. Gypsy Traveller families;
- to work in partnership with the Police in the arrangement and coordination of formal truancy operations in accordance with Crime and Disorder legislation.

Supporting Engagement into Education, Employment and Training Team

The Monmouthshire Inspire Team support young people to maintain full time engagement with education at times of challenge, through tailored support within school and outreach where appropriate. Inspire-Post 16 works closely with Careers Wales and schools to ensure the successful transition of young people who are at risk of disengaging from Year 11 to post 16 education, employment and training.

Youth Service

The LA Youth Service will focus on working with young people aged 11 years and above to raise self-esteem, build confidence, support peer-to-peer working, to assist integration into education. The Youth Service will support a young person to overcome social and emotional barriers they are facing that are preventing them from fully engaging in school life and may be limiting their attendance.

The Police

The Police take a fundamental role in Truancy Sweep initiatives. Police officers should be made aware of categories of children who may have a justifiable cause to be out and about during school hours, especially home-educated children and excluded pupils. The police should also be made aware of other relevant information such as school hours, school holidays, training days, and whether the area is frequented by children from other areas with different school holidays.

The police should be given names and known movement patterns of children known to be persistent non-attendees and, where appropriate their address.

It is recommended in the 'All Wales Attendance Framework' that the police officers operating the power to approach young people do so in uniform (due to child safeguarding concerns) and where practicable are accompanied by an education representative such as an EWO, who will be able to check the school status of the young person concerned.

Where appropriate the British Transport Police are brought into discussions in respect of problems, involving pupils congregating on the rail network.

During Truancy Sweeps there may be occasional cases in which suspected truants refuse to comply. In such cases, if the police officer has reasonable grounds for believing that the child or young person is absent from school without authority, the power under section 16 and section 8 will enable the officer to use such reasonable force as is necessary in the circumstances. Similarly, once the child is returned to the Designated Central Location or School where the suspected truants refuse to comply, the police officer has reasonable grounds for believing that the child or young person is absent from school without authority, the power under section 117 of the Police and Criminal Evidence Act 1984 enables an officer to use such reasonable force as is necessary in the circumstances.

As part of the local authority's Code of Conduct for tackling non-attendance at school, Police can request an FPN be issued to a pupil's family if they are found in a public place during school hours (truanting).

Attendance initiatives

The school and local authority will work closely together to raise the awareness of school attendance, promote good attendance and tackle unauthorised absence.

The school will use an awards system to reward pupils who have excellent or improving attendance.

- 1. Raffle tickets awarded by class teachers on a daily or weekly basis, taking into account the individual pupil circumstances. At the end of the week the raffle is drawn within the class for the chance to win 10 minutes extended break on the following Monday.
- 2. Attendance raffle tickets are collected throughout the half term and at the end of the half term each centre draws a winning ticket for a £5 Amazon voucher.
- 3. Attendance along with effort and engagement 'totalizer' points will also allow pupils to access a termly trip. These points can be manipulated in any way to allow students to access the trips. Points are never removed once they have been awarded.
- 4. Using data collected Bronze, Silver and Gold attendance awards will be given at February, half term and July, end of year. Pupils who have maintained attendance or have up to a 10% improvement on the previous year get a bronze certificate and school stationary pack, students who have 11-49% improvement is a silver certificate and receive a school t-shirt and anything over 50% improvement is a gold certificate and receive a £10 voucher.

The school will work with the Education Welfare Service to undertake local authority initiatives such as the Wellbeing Response Visits, Meet and Greet sessions and target groups.

Categorisation of absence

All pupils who are on role but not present in the school must be recorded within one of these categories.

- Authorised Absence
- Unauthorised Absence
- Approved Educational Activity

Unauthorised absence

These codes are for those sessions where pupils were absent and no reason has been provided, or whose absence is deemed to be without valid reason.

Authorised absence

These codes are for those sessions where pupils are away from school for a reason that is deemed to be valid. Evidence may be requested to support the reason given (e.g. medical evidence, appointment cards, etc.)

Approved educational activity

These codes cover types of supervised educational activity undertaken off the school site but with the approval of the school and/or the LA, where the session has been supervised by a tutor approved by the school.

This would include:

- Work experience placements
- Field trips and educational visits
- Sporting activities
- Link courses or approved education at another venue
- Education arranged by the Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS)

Dual Registration

Pupils who attend another school or unit will be dually registered at both venues. The enrolment status within the management information system (MIS) indicates the main place of education and which the subsidiary is. An example would be a pupil registered at this school but attending EOTAS provision or a pupil referral unit for certain days each week. The main school will be whichever the child attends for more than 50% of their time. The other will be the subsidiary.

The school or provision where the child is expected to attend is responsible for accurately recording the pupil's attendance and chasing up non-attendance. School will liaise with the other education provider on a daily basis in order to identify pupils who are absent for the session and mark the register accordingly.

Retention of records

Computer registers are preserved as electronic back-ups copies. Attendance regulations stipulate that attendance records should be retained for at least three years. However, it is good practice to extend this period in line with the education record retention schedule.

Register checks

The local authority will formally check the school registers during EWS visits to ensure there is compliance with the national legislation. It should be noted that registers are legal documents, and it is an offence not to maintain accurate records.

Attendance targets

The headteacher will present the attendance data in each of the termly reports to the Management Committee. The Management Committee will have the opportunity to challenge the data alongside the practices for managing attendance, in order to tackle the overall absence rates across the school and within specific cohorts of learners.

Strategic Action Plan

The school will produce an action plan to show how the school will set about achieving its attendance targets. This will include the school's aims for its vulnerable groups of learners, how it intends to close the gaps between the FSM and non-FSM pupils' attendance, the operational

management of attendance, the strategic management of attendance including the evaluation of impact of interventions etc.

This action plan will be reviewed on an annual basis and will be used to inform the School Improvement Plan.

This action plan can be found in Appendix 3.

The registration system
The following national codes will be used to record attendance information.

CODE	DESCRIPTION	MEANING
1	Present (AM)	Present
١	Present (PM)	Present
В	Educated off site (NOT Dual	Approved Education Activity
	registration)	
С	Other Authorised Circumstances	Authorised absence
	(not covered by another	
	appropriate code/description)	
D	Dual registration (i.e. pupil	Approved Education Activity
	attending other establishment)	
E	Excluded (no alternative	Authorised absence
	provision made)	
F	Extended family holiday (agreed)	Authorised absence
G	Family holiday (NOT agreed <u>or</u>	Unauthorized absence
	days in excess of agreement)	
Н	Family holiday (agreed)	Authorised absence
I	Illness (NOT medical or dental	Authorised absence
	etc. appointments)	
J	Interview	Approved Education Activity
L	Late (before registers closed)	Present
M	Medical/Dental appointments	Authorised absence
N	No reason yet provided for	Unauthorised absence
	absence	
0	Unauthorised absence (not	Unauthorised absence
	covered by any other	
	code/description)	
P	Approved sporting activity	Approved Education Activity
R	Religious observance	Authorised absence
S	Study leave	Authorised absence
T	Traveller absence	Authorised absence
U	Late (after registers closed)	Unauthorised absence
V	Educational visit or trip	Approved Education Activity
W	Work experience	Approved Education Activity
X	Un-timetabled sessions for non-	Not counted in possible
	compulsory school-age pupils	attendances
Υ	Enforced closure	Not counted in possible
		attendances
Z	Pupil not yet on roll	Not counted in possible
		attendances
#	School closed to pupils	Not counted in possible
		attendances

Legislation and guidance

The Education Act 1996 Part 1, Section 7 states:

The parent of every child of compulsory school age shall cause him to receive efficient full-time education suitable:

- (a) to his age, ability and aptitude and
- (b) to any special needs he may have either by regular attendance at school or otherwise.

For educational purposes the term parent means natural parents and includes any person who has parental responsibility or has day to day care of the child.

Section 444 1, 1(a) and (ZA) contains the details of when an offence is committed if a child fails to attend school or alternative provision arranged by the Local Authority.

The Education (Penalty Notices) (Wales) Regulations 2013 set out the framework for the operation of the Fixed Penalty Notice scheme.

The Equalities Act 2010 (Statutory Duties) (Wales) Regulations 2011

Registers and admission.

- The Education (Pupil Registration) (Wales) Regulations 2010
- The Education (School Day and School Year) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2006

Attendance targets

• The Education (School Performance and Unauthorised Absence Targets) (Wales) (Amendment) Regulations 2006.

Guidance documents relating to attendance

- All Wales Child Protection Procedures
- Keeping Learners safe
- Belonging, engaging and participating Guidance on improving learner engagement and attendance
- The All Wales Attendance Framework
- The National Assembly for Wales Circular 47/2006 Inclusion and Pupil Support.
- Consortium's Attendance Strategy
- Local Code of Conduct relating to the Fixed Penalty Notice scheme
- Welsh Government Guidance on penalty notices for regular nonattendance at school
- Welsh Government Guidance on attendance codes

Code Use for Common Courses and Activities

EXCEPTIONS	Code	SIMS Notes Field Exemplar
<u>EXOLITIONO</u>	<u>Jouc</u>	Music Exam. Letter
Music Exams	В	provided & copied
Widolo Examo		SALT Letter provided &
Speech & Language Therapy	В	Copied
3 3 17		Asthma Clinic.
Asthma Clinic	M	Appointment card copied
		Physiotherapy
Physiotherapy	M	Appointment card copied
		Tour (E.g. Rugby) and
Sporting Tours	С	date. Evidence copied
		E.g. Cardiff Academy
Football Academy (With classroom	_	with classroom. Letter
learning)	В	copied
Football Academy (Without Classroom		E.g. Swansea Academy.
learning)	С	Letter copied
		Activity / Competition,
		Place and Date. Letter
Club & National Competitions	Р	copied
		Activity / Competition,
T: " 10 (""	_	Place and Date. Letter
Overseas Trips through Competitions	Р	copied
Towns His or Times to October 414 in a CAPULL U		Travelling to (Place
Travelling Time to Competitions (With letter		Name) for competition .
from the Club)	С	Letter copied
E-learning where there is an agreed	_	E-learning. Evidence
package with the L.A	В	Letter copied.
Obital Dayfamaaaa		Child Performance.
Child Performance	С	Evidence with L.A.

^{*} Any evidence provided to support code usage must be retained by school

We take a person-centred approach to improving attendance

Each pupil has an individual attendance target

We understand that some pupils are working towards a full-time timetable due to their individual needs

90% and above of timetabled sessions	To help all pupils attend at least 90% of timetabled sessions we: Make a big deal of attendance across the service, and constantly remind pupils, parents and carers about how important attendance is Track and monitor attendance on a weekly basis. Weekly attendance meetings are held with key staff Inform pupils of their attendance and target on a monthly basis Celebrate great attendance, improving attendance and overcoming barriers to attendance on a daily, weekly and monthly basis Keep parents/carers informed of their child's attendance regularly	90% or above
89%-80% of timetabled sessions	 Share attendance of classes of pupils in PRU bases We contact parents/carers every day their child is not in school (see First Day Absence Processes) Keep accurate and up-to-date registers that are checked daily TAs (PRU) and PEOs (EOTAS Medical): Ensure that their pupils, parents/carers are aware that their attendance is under 90% Work with pupils, parents/carers to identify and try to remove any barriers to attendance Look for positive strategies to improve attendance Add attendance target to OPP and review regularly 	89%-80%
79%-70% of timetabled sessions	Teachers (PRU) and Teachers (EOTAS Medical) Will ensure attendance is a target on PSPs and plan action to improve attendance This could be, mentoring, ELSA, quiet zones and calm spaces, referral to outside agency such as School Health Nurse, counselling, SPACE Wellbeing or advice to visit GP Actions recorded on PSP and attendance tracker Reviewed a least every 4 weeks Possible referral to Education Welfare Service for Family Liaison officer support	79%-70%
Below 70% attendance of timetabled sessions	Centre / EOTAS Leads: Make further referrals to outside agencies if needed Consider alternative provision / reintegration timetable if not in place already Consult with Education Welfare Officer and / or Educational Psychologist for support, advice and guidance Record actions on PSP and attendance tracker Review in 4 weeks' time Discussion with Education Welfare Officer in consultation meetings Possible formal referral to Education Welfare Service following parent/carer meeting	Below 70%

REPORTING A CHILD AS MISSING



If a child is not in school, please follow this procedure:

1. Establish if the child is 'Missing' or 'Absent'

Absent: not at a place where they are expected or required to be, and there is no apparent risk, follow First Day Absence Policy

Missing: Anyone whose whereabouts cannot be established and where the circumstances are out of character, or the context suggests that the person may be a subject of crime or at risk of harm to themselves or another.

If missing:

- 1. check all known places on school site where the child could be
- 2. Contact parents/carers and inform them that the child is 'Missing' from school and that this is being reported to the Police
- Phone 101 (or 999 if immediate risk) and report the child as 'Missing'. The police will need to know what the
 pupil is wearing, their known associates and places where they may be. Highlight to police the vulnerability of
 the learner. Record the Police Log number on MyConcern.

First Day Absence

Check SIMS Edit Marks for pupils who have not yet been marked as present

You should see the following page. Use the drop down to select 'Whole School'. Click 'search' and double click Whole School in the white box

You should then see the page below:

A '-' denotes a register has not been taken. You may need to remind staff to take their register. Lists of staff can be found below.

PRU North	PRU South
KS4 Group 1 – Cath Noyes	KS4 Group 1 – Wes Harry
KS4 Group 2 – Amy Powell (Lisa Jones – Fridays)	KS4 Group 2 – Charlotte Harris (Lisa Jones – Tuesdays)
KS3 Group 1 – Mark Fry	KS3 Group 1 – Tom Wood

A 'N' denotes we have received no message re. a pupil's absence. This pupils' parents/carers must be contacted immediately. Use right click to enter a comment. Even if you get no response, write, 'called 9.23am, left voicemail,' or 'text 9.23am, no response as of 9.45am.'

Link to all codes can be found here.

Please inform Centre Lead and Jan Watkins immediately if reason for absence is cited as bullying.

Be mindful of EOTAS M pupils. Some will not have full timetables, some will have lessons that start later in the day etc. Only call when an N code has been entered. If a staff member has forgotten to do their register, remind them via Teams and email. The timetables for all staff can be found here.

If you have any queries re. EOTAS medical pupils, please contact Jan Watkins.

Rachel Parkin, Commissioning Officer for ALN Bespoke pupils, will oversee daily registration for these pupils.

Pupils on PRU+ plans will be overseen by PRS staff. Link with Jake Parkinson for any questions.

Script for calls:

"Hello, this is Mr/Mrs/Ms	from Monmouthshire PRS, is that Mr/Mrs/Ms/NAME's mum/dad?	(wait for response before
sharing further information)		

Our records show NAME is not in school this morning and I do not believe we have received reason for their absence, could you please let me know why they are not in school so I can update registers?"

If parent/carer says they should be in school, let parent/carer know we will double check they are not on site, and call back if we cannot locate them. Call or email Centre Lead as matter of urgency to check. Ensure Centre Lead is aware if pupil is truanting, so they can initiate an appropriate response (see Appendix 1)

Further Information

- If pupil has a social worker, place the fact that they are absent and you cannot reach parent/carer, put on MyConcern and inform DDSL for the appropriate Centre / EOTAS lead
- · If pupil is open to our EWO, contact EWO with details of absence and the fact that contact has not been made

- If we are not authorising absence (check Centre or EOTAS lead) use O code
- Collate a list of pupils who have been uncontactable for two days or more, or who have been absent through illness for two-days of more, and share with Attendance Lead
- Continue to check for lesson attendance throughout the day, to ensure that EOTAS medical attendance, including PEO sessions are recorded accurately
- Ensure that all pupils on Alternative Provision are present at provisions and contact has been made home as necessary, linking in with Rachel Parkin (RachelParkin@monmouthshire.gov.uk) as necessary

This policy was approved by the Management Committee

Signed: Committee	Levilce	Chair of the Management
Date:		
Signed: Service	Jake Parkinson	Head of the Pupil Referral
Date:		