

**Amdiffyn eich hun
rhag camdriニアeth**

Pwyllgor Amdiffyn Oedolion Ardal
Blaenau Gwent,
Sir Ffynwy,
Casnewydd &
Twrfaen



Protecting yourself from abuse

Area Adult Protection Committee

Blaenau Gwent,
Monmouthshire,
Newport &
Torfaen



neu'ch hawliau sifl i ywun sy'n achosi dioddefaint coffrool neu foddylol.
Gall camdriniaeth amwylio o rywun sy'n anwybyddu'ch hawliau dyntol.

briof, perffo'goffid i chi neu'n codi ofn arnoch.

Camdriniaeth yw'r gair yr ydym yn ei ddefnyddio i ddisgrifio
ymadrygaeth rhywun sy'n gwneud neu'n dwued rhywbedd sy'n eich

Beth yw 'camdriniaeth'?

tloidi, digartrrefed neu gamddefnyddio sylweddau.
heriol, diffyg gallu meddyliol, problemau cymdeithasol neu emosional,

llesgiedd coffrool, salwch cronig, nam synhwyraidd, ymadrygaeth
pan gaff eu sefyllfa ei chymhlethu gan ffactorau ychwanegol megis

problemau iechyd meddwl, pobol hyn neu pobol anabl yn enwedig
Gall oedolion agored i niwed gyntwynys pobl ag anableddau dysgu,

bwydau, rhai drwy gydol eu bwyd.

Mae llawer o bobl yn agored i camdriniaeth ar wahanoel adegau o'u

Pwy all fod yn agored i niwed?

ei ch cam-drin neu eich esgelluso.

Mae'r dafffen hon yn egluro'r gwahanol fathau o camdriniaeth, ac yn cael
dwendud betwng iechyd meddwl.

Rydym am sicrhau y caiff oedolion agored i niwed rhag niwed.
rhag camdriniaeth ac esgellustod a byddwn yn gweithredu ar

unwaith pan fo angen amddyfyn oedolion agored i niwed rhag niwed.

rhai yn fy agored i hyr nwy erall. Gallant fod yn agored i niwed
oherwydd oedran, anabledd, safiechyd neu faterion iechyd meddwl.

Yn anffodus, mae nifer o oedolion yn cael eu cam-drin, ac mae
hurddas a bwyd bwyd heb gael eu cam-drin a'u hesgelluso.

Mae gan bawb yr hawl i gall eu trin mewn ffodd sy'n parhau eu

Everyone has the right to have their human dignity respected and to live their life free from abuse and neglect.

Unfortunately, many adults do experience abuse, and some are more vulnerable to abuse than others. Their vulnerability might be due to age, disability, illness or mental health issues.

We want to ensure that vulnerable adults are protected from abuse and neglect and when necessary, we will take immediate action to keep individuals safe from harm.

This leaflet explains different types of abuse, and tells you what to do if you think you are being abused or neglected.

Who might be vulnerable?

Many adults are vulnerable at different times in their lives, some throughout their whole lives.

Vulnerable adults may include people with learning disabilities, mental health problems, older people and disabled people particularly when their situation is complicated by additional factors such as physical frailty, chronic illness, sensory impairment, challenging behaviour, lack of mental capacity, social and emotional problems, poverty, homelessness or substance misuse.

What is abuse?

Abuse is the word we use to describe the behaviour of someone who does or says things that hurt you, upset you or make you frightened.

Abuse can range from treatment that ignores your human and civil rights, or causes actual mental or physical suffering.

Forms of abuse include:

- **physical abuse** such as hitting, pushing, pinching, shaking, using too much medication or not allowing you to take your medication.
- **sexual abuse** such as forcing someone into unwanted sexual activity, being touched inappropriately, rape, sexual assault, or sexual acts which you have not consented to, or which you were pressurised into consenting to.
- **psychological or emotional abuse** such as intimidation, being threatened, being ignored on purpose, humiliation, blaming, controlling, harassment, verbal abuse, stopping friends or family visiting you or not allowing you to receive services or support.
- **financial abuse** such as stealing your money or spending it on the wrong things, putting pressure on you to make changes to your will or to spend your money against your wishes, fraud or exploitation, using your property, inheritance, possessions or benefits.
- **neglect** such as ignoring your medical or physical care needs, preventing access to health, social care or educational services, not caring for you properly, not providing you with adequate food, or putting you at risk.

Abuse can be deliberate or it can occur as the result of ignorance, lack of training, knowledge or understanding. Stress, tiredness and lack of support for relatives and carers can sometimes be contributory factors. Sometimes, people are abused in more than one way.

- **camdriniatech gorfrool** megis taro, gwthio, plisio, ysgwyd, gyrryd eich meddyginiatech.
 - **camdriniatech rywol** megis gofodi rywun i wetihgarwch rhywol, neu wetihrededd rhywol nad oedd ech wedi cytuno rhywol nas dymunir, cyffordd yn amhroddol, treisio, ymosod yn iddyn, neu y rhoddwyd pwsau arnoch i gyntuno iddynt.
 - **camdriniatech seicolegol neu emosyndl** megis brwychu, cael eich bygwnh, eich anwybuddu ar bwras, bychanu, beio, rheoli,
 - **camdriniatech arianol** megis dwyn eich arian neu ei wario ar y petbau anghywir, rhoi pwsau arnoch i newid eich ewyllys neu wario strian yn groes i ch dymuniad, twll neu ecsploetaeth,
 - **esgeulustod** megis anwybuddu eich anghenion gofal meddygol defnyddio eich eidio, etifreddiatech neu eich budd-daliadau.
 - **gymeddiasol** neu addysgol, pedio a gofalu amdanoch yn gywir, neu gorfforol, rhwystro mynediad i wasanaethau iechyd, gofal pedio a darparu digon o fwyd i chi, neu eich rhoi mewm pergyl.
 - **gall camdriniatech fod yn fwriadol neu'n ganlyniaid anwybodaeth,** gall camdriniatech fod yn fwriadol neu'n ganlyniaid anwybodaeth, diffyg hyfforddiant, gwybodaeth neu ddealltwriaeth. Wetihau gall gyfrannu at hyn. Wetihau gall pobl gael eu cam-drin mewn mwy nag un frodd.
- Mae mathau o gamdriniatech yn cynnwys:

Nid oes unrhyw wahaniant ble ddiwydodd y gamdriniatech, pan ffônio'r gwasanaethau cymdeithasol i gael cymrorth a chyngor. Ai yn eich cartref chi neu unrhyw le arall, fel cartref gofal, gallwrch honiad o gamdriniatech a ddaw i w sylw, feily dylech sôn am eich cymdeithasol yngyd ag asiantatebau eraill i ymchwilio i unrhyw y gallwrch fod yn anghywir - mae'n gyfforddeb ar y gwasanaethau thysio y bydd rhwun arall yn dwud a phediwrch a phoneini os credwch cael eu cam-drin, mae'n rhaid i chi ddwud wrth rywun. Peidiwrch a Os ydych yn cael eich cam-drin neu'n meddwl bod rhwun arall yn mod yn cael fy ngham-drin?

Beth ddylin i ei wneud os credaf fy

- rhwun sy'n esboloedd oedolion agored i niwed ar bwras (megis person sy'n ymwellt i drin gwalti)
 - ymwydd achlysurol neu rhwun sy'n darparu gwasanaeth preswydd arall neu ddefnyddiwr gwasanaeth
 - perthynas, ffrind neu gymydog
 - gweithwr iechyd, gofal cymdeithasol neu'n weithwr arall
 - ofal yd dyfflogedig neu wirfoddolwr gall y person hwnnw fod yn:
- Gallech fod yn anabod y person sydd yn gyfrifol am eich cam-drin a heoddli ac mewm mannau cyhoeddus.
- Pwy all fod yn achosi'r gamdriniatech?

Gall unrhyw oedolion agored i niwed fod mewm pergyl o gael eu cam-drin neu gael niwed yn eu cartrefi, mewm cartrefi gofal, cartrefi gofal nyriol, canolfannau dydd, yn y gwair, mewm ysbty, gorsafodd yr ysbty, mewm cartrefi gofal, cartrefi gofal, cartrefi gofal

- Pwy all fod yn cael eu cam-drin, neu mewm pergyl o gael eu cam-drin?**

Who might be abused or at risk?

Any vulnerable adult can be at risk of abuse or harm in their own homes, in care homes, care homes with nursing, in day centres, at work, in hospital, police stations and in public places.

Who might abuse me?

The person who is responsible for the abuse may be known to you and might be:

- a paid carer or volunteer
- a health worker, social care or other worker
- a relative, friend or neighbour
- another resident or service user
- an occasional visitor or someone who is providing a service (such as a mobile hairdresser)
- someone who deliberately and systematically exploits vulnerable people

What should I do if I think I am being abused?

If you think you – or someone else – are being abused, you must tell someone. Don't assume that someone else will report the abuse and don't worry that you might be wrong – social services, with other agencies, have a responsibility to look into any reports of abuse so you should always report your concerns.

It doesn't matter if the suspected abuse took place in your own home or somewhere else, like a care home, you can ring social services for help and advice.

If you or someone else is in immediate danger

If you, or someone you know, are being abused and are in immediate danger, you need to take action straightaway. Telephone **999** and tell the operator what is happening. They will put you through to the police.

If you think a crime might have taken place, such as rape, assault or theft, be careful not to remove or destroy any evidence. If you are worried about contacting the police, you can contact social services to talk things over first.

You do not have to say who you are, but this may make it more difficult for us to investigate and protect you or the person being abused.

If you feel nervous about talking to social services, you could ask someone to talk to us on your behalf. This might be a nurse, a carer, an advocate or a friend or relative you trust.

What will happen if I report the abuse?

If abuse is reported to social services, an investigation will take place which will follow the All Wales Procedures for the Protection of Vulnerable Adults. This may involve several agencies such as health services or the police. Action will then be taken to ensure you or the person being abused is protected.

We will advise and support you so you can make decisions and take steps to end the abuse and stop it happening again.

Anything you say will be treated sensitively, but other people may have to be told to help investigate the concern.

Cai'r unrhyw beth a ddywedwch ei drin yn sensitif, ond efallai y bydd angen dwedu wrth bobl eraill er mwyn iddynt gyfrannu at yr ymchwiliad.

Fe wnaun ddarparu cyngor a chefnogaeth i'ch galluogi i wneud penedfyniadau a chymryd camau i roi diwedd ar y gamdriniaeth a'i hatal rhag digwydd efo.

Os yw manylion am y gamdriniaeth yn dod i sylw'r gwasanaethau cymdeithasol, cyneffir ymchwiliad fydd yn dilyn Gwethidrefnau Cymru gyfan ar gyfer Amddiffyn Oedolion Agored i Nived. Gall hy'n heddlu. Yna byddwn yn gwethredu i sicrhau eich bod chi neu'r gyntafys nifer o asiantatebau megis y gwasanaethau iechyd neu'r person sy'n cael ei gam-drin yn cael eich amddiffyn.

Beth fydd yn digwydd os ydw i'n dweud am y gamdriniaeth?

Os ydych yn teimlo'n nerthus am siarad gyda'r gwasanaethau cymdeithasol, medrech olyn i rywun siarad gyda ni ar eich ran. Gallai hi fod yn nyrs, yn ofalynn, yn eirio iwr neu'n ffrind neu addi i ni ymchwilio a ch amddiffyn chi neu'r person sy'n cael ei gam-drin.

Nid oes rhaid i chi dweud pwy ydych, ond gall hy'n ei wneud yn fly mwy'n trafod yn gyntaf.

Os credwch medrai trosedd fod wedi digwydd, megis triais, ymosodiad neu lardd, byddwch yn ofalus i bedi o symud neu ddiffroi unrhyw dystiolaeth. Os ydych yn poeni am gysylltu â'r gwasanaethau cymdeithasol er heddlu gallwch bob amser gysylltu â'r gwasanaethau cymdeithasol er mwyn trafod yn gyntaf.

Os ydych chi yn cael eich cam-drin neu fod rhywun yr ydych yn eu hadnabod yn cael eu cam-drin neu mewm pergyi uniongyrchol, mae angen i chi wneud rhywbedd yn syth. Ffoniwch **999** a dwedu wrth y cysylltodd beth sydd yn digwydd. Fe gewch eich trosglwyddo i'r heddlu.

Os ydych chi yn cael eich cam-drin neu fod rhywun yr ydych yn eu hadnabod yn cael eu cam-drin neu mewm pergyi uniongyrchol, mae angen i chi wneud rhywbedd yn syth. Ffoniwch **999** a dwedu wrth y cysylltodd beth sydd yn digwydd. Fe gewch eich trosglwyddo i'r heddlu.

**Os ydych chi neu rywun arall mewm
pergyl uniongyrchol**

Pan weinir honiad, bydd gwybodaeth y gall fod angen i ni ei rhannu gydag eraill meegis yr heddlu neu bobl sy'n monitorio ansawdd. Gwasanaethau constredig. Cymru'n ofal i sicrhau mai dim ond gyda'r bobl sy'n ymwned â'r broses y caiff yr wybodaeth yma ei rannu.

Cyfrinachedd



Os oes gennych bryderon am oedolyn sy'n agored i nived neu os hoffech fyw o wybodaeth, cysylltwch â ni ar:

Manylion Cyfswilt

Ffon: 01495 315700
Facs: 01495 315265
Minicom: 01495 355959
Epost: info@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk

Os ydych yn bwyw ym Milaneau Gwent:

Ffon: 01291 638928
Epost:onestopshop@monmouthshire.gov.uk

Os ydych yn bwyw yn Sir Fynwy:

Ffon: 01633 656656
Epost: info@newport.gov.uk

Os ydych yn bwyw yn Nghansnewydd:

Ffon: 01495 762200
Facs: 01633 648794
Epost: socialcarecalltorfaen@torfaen.gov.uk

Y tu allan i oriau

Os yw'n fater o argyfwng a bod angen cysylltu â ni tu allan i oriau swyddfa yna cysylltwch â'n Tîm Dyletswyd Argyfwng ar **0800 328 4432**

Confidentiality

When an allegation is made, we may need to share the information you give us with others, such as the police or people who monitor the quality of registered services. We take care to ensure that this information is only shared with those people involved in the process.

Contacting us

If you have concerns about a vulnerable adult or would like more information, please contact us on:

If you live in Blaenau Gwent:

Tel: 01495 315700
Fax: 01495 315265
Minicom: 01495 355959
Email: info@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk



If you live in Monmouthshire:

Tel: 01291 638928
Email: onestopshop@monmouthshire.gov.uk

If you live in Newport:

Tel: 01633 656656
Email: info@newport.gov.uk

If you live in Torfaen:

Tel: 01495 762200
Fax: 01633 648794
Email: socialcarecalltorfaen@torfaen.gov.uk

Out of hours

If it is an emergency and you need to contact us outside office hours please call our Emergency Duty Team on **0800 328 4432**

Help us to get it right

If you are not happy with the way we deal with any aspect of the adult protection process please let us know.

We welcome all complaints as they help us to get things right in the future.

If you live in Blaenau Gwent:

Tel: 01495 315700
 Fax: 01495 315265
 Minicom: 01495 355959
 Email: info@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk



If you live in Monmouthshire:

Freephone: 0800 652 4121
 Fax: 01633 644577
 Email: talk2us@monmouthshire.gov.uk

If you live in Newport:

Tel: 01633 656656
 Email: info@newport.gov.uk

If you live in Torfaen:

Tel: 01495 762200
 Fax: 01633 648794
 Email: socialcarecalltorfaen@torfaen.gov.uk

If you would like this information in another language, Braille, large print, on tape or in a range of electronic formats, please contact your own council.

April 2011

Ebrill 2011

hun os gwelwch yn dda.

Os hoffech yr wybodaeth yma mewn iâith arall,
 Braille, print bras, ar dâb neu mewm amrywiadeth o
 ffurfiau electronig yna cysylltwch â'ch cyngor eich

Ebost: socialcarecalltorfaen@torfaen.gov.uk

Ffôn: 01495 762200
 Ffacs: 01633 648794

Os ydych yn byw yn Nhorfaen:

Ebost: info@newport.gov.uk

Ffôn: 01633 656656

Os ydych yn byw yng Nghansnewydd:

Ebost: talk2us@monmouthshire.gov.uk

Ffacs: 01633 644577

Os ydych yn byw yn Sir Frynwy:

Rhadffôn: 0800 652 4121

Ebost: info@blaenau-gwent.gov.uk

Minicom: 01495 355959

Os ydych yn byw ym Mlaenau Gwent:

Ffôn: 01495 315700

Ffacs: 01495 315265



iawn yn y dyfodol.

Rydym yn creosawu pob cwyd gan ei bod yn ein helpu i w gallu yn

o'r broses amddiffyn oeddoliion rhoiwrch wybod i ni.

Os ydych yn anffodol a'r ffordd yr ydynam yn delio ag unrhyw agwedd

Helpwrch ni i iwyddo